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MINERAL INDUSTRY SURVEYS

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NICKEL IN MAY 1997

Reported domestic nickel consumption in May, on a daily average basis, was 6% less than that of April, according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Daily usage by the stainless steel industry was down 10% from the April average of 135 metric tons (t). However, consumption of elemental nickel to make nickel-base corrosion resistant alloys increased slightly. Sales to plating companies averaged 44 t per day, slightly more than in April. Percentages reported in this paragraph may not be verifiable owing to the concealment of company proprietary data. Trade data for May will appear in a subsequent issue.

Billiton separates from Gencor and links up with QNI

The recent separation of Billiton Business from Gencor Limited of South Africa will bring together several established nickel operations under a single management structure, creating the fourth largest nickel producer in the world. This amalgamation has been accomplished in less than 3 years through a series of carefully planned mergers and acquisitions. Only three competitors in the nickel business are larger—Inco Limited, RAO Norilsk Nickel, and Falconbridge Limited (Platt's Metals Week, 1997).

In September 1994, Gencor acquired Billiton BV from the Royal Dutch/Shell Group. Gencor reportedly paid Shell \$1.14 billion for the international mining, metals smelting, and trading company. At the time, Billiton had sizable alumina/aluminum operations in Australia, Brazil, and Suriname as well as a 52.31% interest in Cerro Matoso S.A., the Colombian ferronickel producer. The old Billiton operations were subsequently integrated with a number of Gencor's metals and minerals businesses in South Africa, greatly expanding the capabilities of the group.

In February 1997, Gencor increased its interest in Cerro Matoso to 98.88%, buying out the Government of Colombia's share after the Government decided to privatize the ferronickel producer. Shortly afterwards, Gencor's management took steps to spin off the bulk of the parent company's metals and minerals businesses. On July 17, Gencor's shareholders formally approved the split-up of the parent company (Billiton Plc., 1997). Gencor retained only its precious metals interests, which now form the base of the Gencor Group. The rest of its mining and processing activities were reorganized and transferred to Billiton Plc.—a new, totally independent company headquartered in the United Kingdom. Billiton Plc. was granted a business license on June 2, 1997, and was listed on the London Stock Exchange on July 28.

In late June, Gencor's management agreed to merge Billiton's nickel operations with those of QNI Limited. QNI owns and operates the Yabulu nickel refinery near Townsville, Australia. Lateritic feed for the Yabulu refinery comes largely from independent mines in Indonesia, New Caledonia, and the Philippines. The refinery is currently processing limonitic ore averaging 1.5% nickel and 0.15% cobalt. If the merger is approved by both parties, the new joint venture would have a nickel production capacity of about 60,000 t per year.

References Cited

 Billiton Plc., 1997, International placing: information memorandum for shareholders of Gencor Limited: London, Billiton Plc., July 4, 197 p.
 Platt's Metals Week, 1997, Gencor, QNI form fourth-largest nickel producer: Platt's Metals Week, v. 68, no. 25, June 23, p. 1 and 4.

${\bf TABLE~1}$ CONSUMPTION OF NICKEL (EXCLUSIVE OF SCRAP), BY FORM AND USE $\ 1/$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

	Cathodes,		Oxide-sinter,		
	pellets,		salts, and		Total
	briquets, and		other		year to
Period	powder	Ferronickel	forms	Total	date
1996:	_				
May	7,050	1,470	285	8,800	43,000
June	6,710	1,530	236	8,480	51,400
July	6,520	1,160	131	7,810	59,300
August	6,340	1,450	140	7,930	67,200
September	6,050	1,540	178	7,770	75,000
October	6,740	1,750	320	8,810	83,800
November	5,700	1,340	365	7,400	91,200
December	5,690	1,650	181	7,520	98,700
January-December	78,100	17,600	2,980	98,700	XX
1997:					
January	6,900	2,000	101	9,000	9,000
February	5,950	1,510	128	7,590	16,600
March	5,730	1,580	253	7,570	24,200
April	6,480	1,490	570	8,540	32,700
May:					
Steel:					
Stainless and heat resisting	2,280	1,220	W	3,500	18,400
Alloy (excludes stainless)	267	W	W	267	2,830
Superalloys	749		W	749	3,740
Copper-nickel alloys	169	W		169	169
Electrical, magnetic, and					
expansion alloys	19			19	19
Other nickel & nickel alloys	W	W	W	W	W
Cast iron	W		W	W	W
Electroplating (sales to platers)	1,350		W	1,350	6,250
Chemical and chemical uses	W		W	W	W
Other uses	1,760	80	410	2,250	9,570
Total reported	6,600 2	/ 1,300	410	8,310	41,000
Total all companies (calc) 3/	XX	XX	XX	12,100	59,700
1997: January-May	31,700	7,880	1,460	41,000	XX
1996: January-May	34,400	7,180	1,430	43,000	XX

r/Revised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Other uses" category. XX Not applicable.

^{1/} Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

^{2/} Of consumption, 5,650 metric tons were consumed as cathodes and pellets, the remainder as briquets and powder.

^{3/} Figures represent calculated apparent consumption; based on the revised proportion of reported primary consumption (68.69%) to apparent primary consumption for 1994.

TABLE 2 ENDING STOCKS OF NICKEL (EXCLUSIVE OF SCRAP) HELD BY CONSUMERS, BY FORM AND USE $\,1/\,\,\,2/\,\,$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

	Cathodes, pellets,		Oxide-sinter,		
	briquets, and		salts, and		
Period	powder	Ferronickel	other forms	Total	
1996:					
May	4,080	343	92	4,510	
June	3,610	337	91	4,040	
July	3,450	517	70	4,040	
August	3,340	429	77	3,850	
September	2,910	277	82	3,270	
October	2,770	472	82	3,320	
November	6,170	625	64	6,860	
December	4,990	1,540	78	6,610	
1997:	_				
January	4,370	659	55	5,080	
February	3,970	231	180	4,390	
March	4,020	240	603	4,870	
April	3,780	366	633	4,770	
May:	_				
Steel (stainless, heat resisting and alloy)	1,600	313	(3/)	1,910	
Nonferrous alloys 4/	1,490	(5/)	(3/)	1,490	
Foundry (cast irons)	(6/)		(3/)	(3/)	
Chemical (catalysts, ceramics, plating	_				
salts, etc.) and unspecified uses	158		611	769	
Total	3,240	313	611	4,170	

^{1/} Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

 ${\it TABLE~3}$ CONSUMPTION AND ENDING STOCKS OF PURCHASED SECONDARY NICKEL, BY USE $\,1/$

(Metric tons, nickel content)

		Consumption		Stocks				
	Ferrous	Nonferrous	Total	Ferrous	Nonferrous	Total		
Period	scrap 2/	scrap 3/	scrap	scrap 2/	scrap 3/	scrap		
1996:								
May	4,100	783	4,880	3,100	100	3,200		
June	3,770	625	4,400	3,050	101	3,150		
July	3,670	680	4,350	3,300	97	3,390		
August	2,860	1,070	3,930	3,350	98	3,450		
September	3,490	961	4,350	3,090	110	3,200		
October	3,590	763	4,360	3,340	107	3,440		
November	3,250	775	4,020	3,630	89	3,720		
December	3,310	646	3,960	3,520	88	3,610		
1996: January-December	43,400	10,100	53,500	XX	XX	XX		
1997:								
January	4,770 r/	830 r/	5,600 r/	3,130	116 r/	3,250 r/		
February	3,830	791 r/	4,620 r/	3,280	114 r/	3,400 r/		
March	4,190	996 r/	5,190 r/	4,080	104 r/	4,180 r/		
April	5,200	766	5,960 r/	3,840	113 r/	3,950 r/		
May	4,550	847	5,390	4,020	114	4,130		
1997: January-May	22,500	4,230	26,800	XX	XX	XX		
1996: January-May	43,400	10,200	53,600	XX	XX	XX		

r/ Revised. XX Not applicable.

- 1/ Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.
- 2/ Nickel content is calculated from an average nickel content and the reported gross weight of scrap.
- 3/ Combined consumption and stocks of aluminum-base, copper-base, and nickel-base scrap.

^{2/} Stocks held by companies that consume nickel in more than one end use category are credited to the major category. Stocks are subject to revisions owing to inventory adjustment.

^{3/} Included in "Chemicals and unspecified uses" category.

^{4/} Includes superalloys, nickel-copper and copper-nickel alloys, permanent magnet alloys, and other nickel alloys.

^{5/} Included in "Chemicals and unspecified uses" category of "Oxide-sinter, salts, and other forms" .

^{3/} Included in "Chemicals and unspecified uses" category of " Cathodes, pellets, briquets, and powder."

$\label{eq:table 4} \textbf{U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF NICKEL, BY COUNTRY} \ \ 1/$

(Metric tons, nickel content 2/)

				Metal-						
Period and country	Cathodes, pellets, and	Powder and	Ferro-	lurgical- grade	Waste and	Stainless steel			Total year to	Wrought
of origin	briquets	flakes	nickel	oxide	scrap	scrap	Chemicals	Total 3/	date 4/	nickel
1996:	•				•	•				
April	11,300	760	980	21	344	313	187	13,900	54,300	52
May	11,000	945	2,020	91	411	319	219	15,000	69,400	72
June	7,750	927	1,430	9	343	289	254	11,000	80,400	43
July	7,230	684	1,470	18	238	274	216	10,100	90,500	42
August	9,250	835	1,120	14	235	319	265	12,000	103,000	44
September	9,390	629	884	33	416	322	234	11,900	114,000	52
October	7,850	779	1,050	60	581	373	311	11,000	125,000	67
November	9,820	670	1,520	99	328	308	290	13,000	138,000	38
December	9,180	815	969	21	351	275	251	11,900	150,000	61
1997:										
January	7,640	954	1,180	111	364	263	265	10,800	10,800	57
February	9,310	945	1,180	395	696	392	242	13,200	23,900	53
March	14,500	1,130	1,070	277	544	342	198	18,100	42,000	73
April:										
Australia	600	120		16	10			746	3,940	
Canada	4,730	687		331	136	227	23	6,130	24,000	1
Colombia			116					116	492	
Dominican Republic			616		19			635	2,740	
Finland	312	59					70	441	1,630	
France	140				82			222	961	22
Germany	2	2			85		28	117	297	44
Japan		45			18	9	63	135	319	10
New Caledonia			300					300	1,230	
Norway	21							21	7,170	
Russia	2,030				8			2,040	8,150	
South Africa			3					3	161	
United Kingdom	18	2			157		13	190	572	(5/)
Zimbabwe	36							36	306	
Other	41	33	14		57	197	97	439	1,620	1
Total	7,920	948	1,050	347	572	433	294	11,600	53,600	78
1997: January-April	39,400	3,980	4,480	1,130	2,180	1,430	998	53,600	XX	262
1996: January-April	41,400	3,410	5,530	119	1,370	1,310	1,220	54,400	XX	218

XX Not applicable.

^{1/} Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

^{2/} The nickel contents are assumed to be as follows: metallurgical-grade oxide (77%), waste and scrap (50%), and stainless steel scrap (7.5%). The chemical category includes chlorides (25%), sulfates (22%), and other salts (22%), supported catalysts (22%), and oxide, sesquioxide and hydroxide (65%).

^{3/} Excludes wrought nickel.

^{4/} May include revisions for prior months.

^{5/} Less than 1/2 unit.

$\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE 5 \\ U.S. EXPORTS OF NICKEL, BY COUNTRY 1/ \end{tabular}$

(Metric tons, nickel content 2/)

				Metal-						
	Cathodes,	Powder		lurgical-	Waste	Stainless			Total	
Period and country	pellets, and	and	Ferro-	grade	and	steel			year to	Wrought
of destination	briquets	flakes	nickel	oxide	scrap	scrap	Chemicals	Total 3/	date 4/	nickel
1996:	_									
April	_ 149	63	119	134	965	2,755	389	4,574	13,566	27
May	_ 82	171	220	331	782	1,519	519	3,624	17,190	31
June	_ 79	142	73	616	800	1,529	295	3,532	20,723	19
July	_ 7	50	650	480	778	2,653	364	4,984	25,707	30
August	_ 44	97	299	348	703	2,203	424	4,118	29,825	64
September	_ 6	80	179	359	1,212	2,232	292	4,360	34,184	27
October	_ 20	79	359	420	1,284	2,269	185	4,616	38,801	63
November	_ 19	88	324	517	918	1,611	197	3,674	42,475	59
December	21	75	433	393	960	1,846	551	4,278	46,753	21
January-December	_ 586	1,060	3,325	4,210	10,878	22,754	3,940	46,753	XX	439
1997:	_									
January		72	442	513	862	1,736	455	4,099	4,099	56
February	39	114	416	134	1,004	1,694	515	3,917	8,016	89
March	26	93	616	172	1,211	1,277	488	3,883	11,899	61
April:	_									
Australia						11		11	66	
Belgium		8		1	9	2	7	27	133	1
Canada		24		83	1,138	257	49	1,551	4,795	22
Germany		4			46		9	59	277	1
India		3	98			8	(5/)	110	586	
Italy		(5/)					53	53	85	
Japan		3	60		67	93	184	407	1,664	(5/)
Korea, Republic of		9		(5/)		1,311		1,320	3,031	14
Mexico	11	16				(5/)	30	57	404	8
Netherlands					17	14		31	79	1
Spain						412		412	1,471	
Sweden					144	13		157	924	1
Taiwan		1	420			349	36	806	2,037	
United Kingdom	_ 5	4		1		91	7	108	204	1
Other		12	147	63	58	174	309	780	2,030	109
Total	33	84	725	148	1,479	2,735	684	5,888	17,787	158
1997: January-April	117	364	2,199	968	4,556	7,442	2,142	17,787	XX	364
1996: January-April	307	277	790	745	3,442	6,893	1,112	13,566	XX	125
XX N . 1' 11										

XX Not applicable.

^{1/} Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

^{2/} The nickel contents are assumed to be as follows: metallurgical-grade oxide (77%), waste and scrap (50%), and stainless steel scrap (7.5%). The chemical category includes chlorides (25%), sulfates (22%), and other salts (22%), supported catalysts (22%), and oxide, sesquioxide and hydroxide (65%).

^{3/} Excludes wrought nickel.

^{4/} May include revisions for prior months.

^{5/} Less than 1/2 unit.

TABLE 6 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF NICKEL ALLOYS, BY COUNTRY $\ 1/\$

(Metric tons, gross weight)

	Unwrought	Bars, rods,		Plates		Tubes	Other		Total
Period and country	alloyed	and		and		and	alloyed		year to
of origin	ingot	profiles	Wire	sheets	Foil	pipes	articles	Total	date 2/
1996:	_								
April	561	180	158	132	(3/)	95	20	1,150	3,500
May	178	249	175	170	(3/)	67	18	858	4,360
June	221	242	116	157	(3/)	71	54	861	5,220
July	188	117	195	90	(3/)	44	107	743	5,960
August	91	219	97	187	(3/)	49	615	1,260	7,220
September	117	70	144	133	(3/)	50	59	573	7,800
October	249	151	120	90	(3/)	72	60	741	8,540
November	349	161	168	81	(3/)	66	29	845	9,390
December	151	178	256	145	(3/)	48	64	843	10,200
1997:									
January	208	132	196	98		100	108	841	841
February	181	202	190	149		96	107	926	1,770
March	265	184	266	90	(3/)	117	52	974	2,740
April:	_								
Australia	174							174	528
Belgium	13						(3/)	13	57
Canada	(3/)		4	(3/)		5	3	13	132
France		1	44	31		1	1	79	341
Germany	4	61	70	103		25	1	264	881
Italy		61	3			18		82	120
Japan	8		3	1		246	1	259	340
Mexico							(3/)	(3/)	1
Netherlands			(3/)				17	17	35
South Africa	34							34	138
Sweden			154	3				157	553
United Kingdom		61	(3/)	(3/)		3	10	75	448
Other			-	1			28	29	369
Total	234	186	283	139		298	61	1,200	3,940
1997: January-April		704	935	477	(3/)	611	328	3,940	XX
1996: January-April	1,240	721	537	463	1	365	181	3,500	XX

XX Not applicable.

^{1/} Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown. 2/ May include revisions for prior months.

^{3/} Less than 1/2 unit.

TABLE 7 U.S. EXPORTS OF NICKEL ALLOYS, BY COUNTRY 1/

(Metric tons, gross weight)

Period and country of destination	Unwrought alloyed ingot	Bars, rods, and profiles	Wire	Plates and sheets	Foil	Tubes and pipes	Other alloyed articles	Total 2/	Total year to date 2/
1996:	mg or	1				P-P		101112	
April	651	337	138	441	43	149	648	2,410	8,120
May	508	219	149	792	7	89	242	2,010	10,100
June	531	270	155	676	60	81	168	1,940	12,100
July	335	349	148	628	8	84	451	2,000	14,100
August	540	184	176	619	5	96	183	1,800	15,900
September	274	177	166	622	9	78	176	1,500	17,400
October	602	240	147	600	12	49	394	2,040	19,400
November	485	340	113	725	5	74	276	2,020	21,400
December	478	191	119	971	9	146	129	2,050	23,500
1997:								ŕ	,
January	541	320	115	838	10	91	120	2,030	2,030
February	641	222	137	554	20	136	180	1,890	3,930
March	425	334	152	845	23	99	597	2,480	6,400
April:									
Australia	1	(3/)	2	71		(3/)		74	267
Belgium		1	5	3				8	59
Canada	88	35	26	21	2	29	34	233	1,390
France	93	44	5	5		1	21	168	969
Germany	20	37	11	28			3	98	287
India						(3/)		(3/)	4
Ireland	(3/)	(3/)	37	2			(3/)	39	94
Italy	1	1	3	97		6	(3/)	109	444
Japan	59	7	1	78	(3/)	(3/)	6	151	818
Korea, Republic of	6	1	6	102	1	8	17	140	468
Mexico	5	1	18	(3/)	2	8	3	38	175
Netherlands	10	18	(3/)	4		(3/)	(3/)	33	141
Singapore		7	(3/)	3		(3/)	2	12	88
Spain			1			(3/)		2	64
Sweden		(3/)	(3/)	4	9	(3/)	1	14	79
Switzerland	7	3		5	(3/)	(3/)	7	21	62
Taiwan	2	1	(3/)	46		(3/)	16	67	176
United Kingdom	31	49	23	173	(3/)	2	6	285	1,570
Other	21	20	86	7		36	258	136	1,170
Total	344	225	224	649	14	90	374	1,920	8,320
1997: January-April	1,950	1,100	629	2,890	67	416	1,270	8,320	XX
1996: January-April	1,960	1,240	388	2,370	84	572	1,500	8,120	XX

XX Not applicable.

1/ Data are rounded to three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

2/ May include revisions for prior months.

^{3/} Less than 1/2 unit.

 ${\bf TABLE~8}$ NICKEL CONSUMPTION IN CAST AND WROUGHT PRODUCTS

	Percer	nt
	Wrought	Cast
May 1997:		
Stainless and heat resisting steels	96	4
Alloy steels	99	1
Superalloys	72	28
Copper-nickel alloys	91	9
Other nickel-base alloys	100	(1/)

^{1/} Less than 1/2 unit.

TABLE 9 NICKEL PRICES

		Cathode NY Dealer	LME Cash	LME Cash	18/8 Stainless steel scrap Pittsburgh
Da	te	\$/lb.	\$/t	\$/lb.	\$/long ton(gw)
1997:					
Average for the	e month of:				
April		3.399	7,315.523	3.318	894
May		3.482	7,482.850	3.394	855
June		3.319	7,062.476	3.203	845
For week endir	ıg:				
April 4		3.55-3.58	7,593.875	3.445	890-910
April 1	1	3.39-3.54	7,237.400	3.283	880-905
April 1	8	3.30-3.42	7,203.200	3.267	880-905
April 2	.5	3.39-3.48	7,305.600	3.314	880-905
May 2		3.39-3.43	7,261.500	3.294	880-905
May 9	1	3.42-3.56	7,504.750	3.404	840-850
May 1	6	3.59-3.65	7,677.100	3.482	840-850
May 2	3	3.54-3.67	7,571.300	3.434	840-850
May 3	0	3.40-3.51	7,230.875	3.280	840-850
Jun 6	i	3.27-3.37	7,021.200	3.185	840-850
Jun 1	.3	3.39-3.42	7,171.400	3.253	840-850
Jun 2	0.0	3.33-3.39	7,093.300	3.217	840-850
Jun 2	.7	3.29-3.35	7,019.000	3.184	840-850
Jul 4		3.22-3.29	6,808.700	3.088	800-820
Jul 1	1	3.19-3.23	6,760.800	3.067	800-820

Sources: Platt's Metals Week and American Metal Market.